

Health Coverage alleviates Poverty



Poverty

Poverty refers to the lack of income and productive resources to meet the most basic needs like health, education, and access to clean water and sanitation.¹

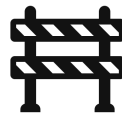
Current outlook

Poverty is the root cause of many human rights violations.



+100 million people

are pushed into extreme poverty every year because of catastrophic health expenditure.²



Out-of-pocket payments for health are a major reason to forgo essential and often life-saving care.³

Why focus on health coverage?

Better health & livelihoods



Good health is a human right and the foundation for individuals to lead productive and fulfilling lives.⁴



Health coverage protects from catastrophic and impoverishing health expenditures

Individuals often wait too long before seeking care because of high costs. This in turn increases the probability of facing catastrophic health expenditure that pushes households into extreme poverty.⁵

More financial security



Households are **protected** from healthcare expenses and **have more income available** for other necessities such as food or education.



Increasing a household's financial security contributes to securing a living income, alleviating vulnerability and social exclusion.⁶



Elucid

- > Designs and implements health coverage schemes for smallholders to improve their access to quality healthcare.
- > Generates **highly granular health outcome and socio-economic data** for impact and sustainability reporting.

life years gained



days missed on farm due to sick days

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We believe in Sustainability, Technology and Research.

Please find the list of references per theme in the table below.

Theme	References
Poverty	<p>¹Global Issues – Ending Poverty (UN). www.un.org/en/global-issues/ending-poverty. Accessed 11 Sept. 2022.</p> <p>²World Health Organization. Tracking universal health coverage: 2017 global monitoring report. 2017.</p> <p>³Murphy A, McGowan C, McKee M, Suhrcke M, Hanson K. Coping with healthcare costs for chronic illness in low-income and middle-income countries: a systematic literature review. <i>BMJ Glob Health</i>. 2019 Aug 21;4(4):e001475. doi: 10.1136/bmjgh-2019-001475. PMID: 31543984</p> <p>⁴WHO (World Health Organization). World Health Report 2000: Health Systems: Improving Performance. Geneva: WHO.2015. “Health and Human Rights.” Fact Sheet 323.</p> <p>⁵Essue BM, Laba M., Knaul F, Chu A, Minh HV, Nguyen TKP, Jan S. Economic Burden of Chronic Ill Health and Injuries for Households in Low- and Middle-Income Countries. In: Jamison DT, Gelband H, Horton S, Jha P, Laxminarayan R, Mock CN, Nugent R, editors. <i>Disease Control Priorities: Improving Health and Reducing Poverty</i>. 3rd ed. Washington (DC): The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development / The World Bank; 2017 Nov 27. Chapter 6. PMID: 30212160.</p> <p>⁶Chen, C., Pan, J. The effect of the health poverty alleviation project on financial risk protection for rural residents: evidence from Chishui City, China. <i>Int J Equity Health</i> 18, 79 (2019). https://doi.org/10.1186/s12939-019-0982-6</p>

Feel free to reach out!

We are happy to schedule a call to provide you with more information and answer any questions



Louisa Truß
Partnerships & Project Management

louisa.truss@elucid.social
+49 1778934971